CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1051

Chapter 355, Laws of 2007

(partial veto)

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION PROGRAMS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/07

Passed by the House April 22, 2007 Yeas 86 Nays 11

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2007 Yeas 30 Nays 18

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 8, 2007, 2:53 p.m., with the exception of section 9 which is vetoed.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1051** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 10, 2007

Secretary of State State of Washington

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1051

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By Representatives Upthegrove, Kagi, P. Sullivan, Haigh, Simpson, Moeller, Green, Santos, Kenney, Williams, Hunter and Miloscia

Prefiled 1/5/2007. Read first time 01/08/2007. Referred to Committee on Education.

AN ACT Relating to high school completion programs; amending RCW 28B.50.535, 28A.655.061, 28B.15.520, and 28B.15.067; adding a new section to chapter 28B.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; and creating new sections.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the goal of NEW SECTION. 8 Washington's education reform is for all students to meet rigorous academic standards so that they are prepared for success in college, 9 10 work, and life. Educators know that not all students learn at the same rate or in the same way. Some students will take longer to meet the 11 Older students who 12 state's standards for high school graduation. graduate with their peers need an appropriate 13 cannot learning environment and flexible programming that enables them simultaneously 14 to earn a diploma, work, and pursue other training options. Providing 15 learning options in locations in addition to high schools will 16 encourage older students to complete their diplomas. 17 Therefore the legislature intends to create a pilot high school completion program at 18

1 two community and technical colleges for older students who have not 2 yet received a diploma but are eligible for state basic education 3 support.

4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28B.50.535 and 1991 c 238 s 58 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

A community or technical college may issue a high school diploma or certificate, subject to rules ((and regulations promulgated)) adopted by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28B.50 RCW 11 to read as follows:

(1) A pilot program is created for two community or technical colleges to make available courses or a program of study, on the college campus, designed to enable students under the age of twenty-one who have completed all state and local high school graduation requirements except the certificate of academic achievement or certificate of individual achievement to complete their high school education and obtain a high school diploma.

(a) The colleges participating in the pilot program in this section may make courses or programs under this section available by entering into contracts with local school districts to deliver the courses or programs. Colleges participating in the pilot program that offer courses or programs under contract shall be reimbursed for each enrolled eligible student as provided in the contract, and the high school diploma shall be issued by the local school district;

(b) Colleges participating in the pilot program may deliver courses or programs under this section directly. Colleges that deliver courses or programs directly shall be reimbursed for each enrolled eligible student as provided in section 4 of this act, and the high school diploma shall be issued by the college;

31 (c) Colleges participating in the pilot program may make courses or 32 programs under this section available through a combination of 33 contracts with local school districts, collaboration with educational 34 service districts, and direct service delivery. Colleges participating 35 in the pilot program may also make courses or programs under this

1 section available for students at locations in addition to the college
2 campus; or

3 (d) Colleges participating in the pilot program may enter into 4 regional partnerships to carry out the provisions of this subsection 5 (1).

6 (2) Regardless of the service delivery method chosen, colleges 7 participating in the pilot program shall ensure that all eligible 8 students located in school districts within their college district as 9 defined in RCW 28B.50.040 have an opportunity to enroll in a course or 10 program under this section.

(3) Colleges participating in the pilot program shall not require students enrolled under this section to pay tuition or services and activities fees; however this waiver of tuition and services and activities fees shall be in effect only for those courses that lead to a high school diploma.

(4) Nothing in this section or section 4 of this act precludes a 16 17 community or technical college from offering courses or a program of study for students other than eligible students as defined by section 18 4 of this act to obtain a high school diploma, nor is this section or 19 section 4 of this act intended to restrict diploma completion programs 20 21 offered by school districts or educational service districts. 22 Community and technical colleges and school districts are encouraged to consult with educational service districts in the development and 23 24 delivery of programs and courses required under this section.

(5) Community and technical colleges participating in the pilot
 program shall not be required to administer the Washington assessment
 of student learning.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600
29 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this section and section 3 of this act, 30 31 "eligible student" means a student who has completed all state and local high school graduation requirements except the certificate of 32 academic achievement under RCW 28A.655.061 or the certificate of 33 34 individual achievement under RCW 28A.155.045, who is less than age twenty-one as of September 1st of the academic year the student enrolls 35 36 at a community and technical college under this section, and who meets 37 the following criteria:

(a) Receives a level 2 (basic) score on the reading and writing
 content areas of the high school Washington assessment of student
 learning;

4 (b) Has not successfully met state standards on a retake of the 5 assessment or an alternative assessment;

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(c) Has participated in assessment remediation; and

7 (d) Receives a recommendation to enroll in courses or a program of 8 study made available under section 3 of this act from his or her high 9 school principal.

10 (2) An eligible student may enroll in courses or a program of study 11 made available by a community or technical college participating in the 12 pilot program created under section 3 of this act for the purpose of 13 obtaining a high school diploma.

(3) For eligible students in courses or programs delivered directly 14 by the community or technical college participating in the pilot 15 program under section 3 of this act and only for enrollment in courses 16 17 that lead to a high school diploma, the superintendent of public instruction shall transmit to the colleges participating in the pilot 18 program an amount per each full-time equivalent college student at 19 statewide uniform rates. The amount shall be the sum of (a), (b), (c), 20 21 and (d) of this subsection, as applicable.

(a) The superintendent shall separately calculate and allocate moneys appropriated for basic education under RCW 28A.150.260 for purposes of making payments under this section. The calculations and allocations shall be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-time equivalent high school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, excluding small high school enhancements, and applicable rules adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(b) The superintendent shall allocate an amount equal to the per funded student state allocation for the learning assistance program under chapter 28A.165 RCW for each full-time equivalent college student or a pro rata amount for less than full-time enrollment.

33 (c) The superintendent shall allocate an amount equal to the per 34 full-time equivalent student allocation for the student achievement 35 program under RCW 28A.505.210 for each full-time equivalent college 36 student or a pro rata amount for less than full-time enrollment.

37 (d) For eligible students who meet eligibility criteria for the38 state transitional bilingual instruction program under chapter 28A.180

RCW, the superintendent shall allocate an amount equal to the per
 student state allocation for the transitional bilingual instruction
 program or a pro rata amount for less than full-time enrollment.

4 (4) The superintendent may adopt rules establishing enrollment 5 reporting, recordkeeping, and accounting requirements necessary to 6 ensure accountability for the use of basic education, learning 7 assistance, and transitional bilingual program funds under this section 8 for the pilot program created under section 3 of this act.

9 (5) All school districts in the geographic area of the two 10 community and technical colleges selected pursuant to section 8 of this 11 act to participate in the pilot program shall provide information about 12 the high school completion option under section 3 of this act to 13 students in grades ten, eleven, and twelve and the parents or guardians 14 of those students.

15 **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.655.061 and 2006 c 115 s 4 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17 (1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be limited to the Washington assessment of student learning, opportunities 18 for a student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which 19 20 the student was not successful, and if approved by the legislature 21 pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of 22 23 state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for 24 each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on 25 the Washington 26 assessment of student learning for each content area.

27 (2) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained by most students at about the 28 age of sixteen, and is evidence that the students have successfully met 29 30 the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. 31 With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation 32 from a public high school but is not the only requirement for 33 graduation. 34

(3) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, with the exception
 of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, a student who
 meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and mathematics

content areas of the high school Washington assessment of student 1 2 learning shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more 3 content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, 4 5 then the student may retake the assessment in the content area up to four times at no cost to the student. If the student successfully 6 7 meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. 8 Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection 9 (10) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative 10 assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the 11 12 state standards for that content area if the student has retaken the Washington assessment of student learning at least once. 13 If the 14 student successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of 15 academic achievement. 16

17 (4) Beginning with the graduating class of 2010, a student must 18 meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content 19 areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the Washington 20 assessment of student learning or the objective alternative assessments 21 in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.

(5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.

(6) A student may retain and use the highest result from eachsuccessfully completed content area of the high school assessment.

29 (7) Beginning in 2006, school districts must make available to 30 students the following options:

(a) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to
 four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the
 state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or

34 (b) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to 35 four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the 36 state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion 37 program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of

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1 public instruction and the state board for community and technical 2 colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these 3 programs can be assessed.

4 (8) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high
5 school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for
6 retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the
7 superintendent of public instruction.

8 (9) Subject to available funding, the superintendent shall pilot 9 opportunities for retaking the high school assessment beginning in the 10 2004-05 school year. Beginning no later than September 2006, 11 opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice a year shall be 12 available to each school district.

13 (10)(a) The office of the superintendent of public instruction 14 develop options for implementing objective alternative shall assessments, which may include an appeals process, for students to 15 demonstrate achievement of the state academic standards. The objective 16 17 alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the Washington 18 assessment of student learning and be objective in its determination of 19 student achievement of the state standards. Before any objective 20 21 alternative assessments in addition to those authorized in RCW 22 28A.655.065 or (b) of this subsection are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content 23 24 area required to obtain a certificate, the legislature shall formally 25 approve the use of any objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution. 26

27 (b) A student's score on the mathematics portion of the preliminary scholastic assessment test (PSAT), the scholastic assessment test 28 (SAT), or the American college test (ACT) may be used as an objective 29 alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a 30 student has met or exceeded the mathematics standards for the 31 certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education 32 shall identify the scores students must achieve on the mathematics 33 portion of the PSAT, SAT, or ACT to meet or exceed the state standard 34 35 for mathematics. The state board of education shall identify the first scores by December 1, 2006, and thereafter may increase but not 36 37 decrease the scores required for students to meet or exceed the state 38 standard for mathematics.

1 (11) By December 15, 2004, the house of representatives and senate 2 education committees shall obtain information and conclusions from 3 recognized, independent, national assessment experts regarding the 4 validity and reliability of the high school Washington assessment of 5 student learning for making individual student high school graduation 6 determinations.

7 (12) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as 8 a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students are 9 on track for high school graduation, each school district shall prepare 10 plans for students as provided in this subsection (12).

(a) Student learning plans are required for eighth through twelfth 11 grade students who were not successful on any or all of the content 12 areas of the Washington assessment for student learning during the 13 14 school year. The plan shall include the courses, previous competencies, and other steps needed to be taken by the student to meet 15 state academic standards and stay on track for graduation. 16 Ιf 17 applicable, the plan shall also include the high school completion pilot program created under section 3 of this act. This requirement 18 shall be phased in as follows: 19

(i) Beginning no later than the 2004-05 school year ninth grade
students as described in this subsection (12)(a) shall have a plan.

(ii) Beginning no later than the 2005-06 school year and every year thereafter eighth grade students as described in this subsection (12)(a) shall have a plan.

(iii) The parent or guardian shall be notified, preferably through a parent conference, of the student's results on the Washington assessment of student learning, actions the school intends to take to improve the student's skills in any content area in which the student was unsuccessful, strategies to help them improve their student's skills, and the content of the student's plan.

(iv) Progress made on the student plan shall be reported to the student's parents or guardian at least annually and adjustments to the plan made as necessary.

34 (b) Beginning with the 2005-06 school year and every year 35 thereafter, all fifth grade students who were not successful in one or 36 more of the content areas of the fourth grade Washington assessment of 37 student learning shall have a student learning plan.

1 (i) The parent or guardian of a student described in this 2 subsection (12)(b) shall be notified, preferably through a parent 3 conference, of the student's results on the Washington assessment of 4 student learning, actions the school intends to take to improve the 5 student's skills in any content area in which the student was 6 unsuccessful, and provide strategies to help them improve their 7 student's skills.

8 (ii) Progress made on the student plan shall be reported to the 9 student's parents or guardian at least annually and adjustments to the 10 plan made as necessary.

Sec. 6. RCW 28B.15.520 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, the governing boards of the community colleges may:

15 (1) Waive all or a portion of tuition fees and services and 16 activities fees for:

(a) Students nineteen years of age or older who are eligible for resident tuition and fee rates as defined in RCW 28B.15.012 through 28B.15.015 ((and)), who enroll in a course of study or program which will enable them to finish their high school education and obtain a high school diploma or certificate, but who are not eligible students as defined by section 4 of this act; and

(b) Children of any law enforcement officer or fire fighter who lost his or her life or became totally disabled in the line of duty while employed by any public law enforcement agency or full time or volunteer fire department in this state: PROVIDED, That such persons may receive the waiver only if they begin their course of study at a community college within ten years of their graduation from high school;

30 (2) Waive all or a portion of the nonresident tuition fees 31 differential for:

32 (a) Nonresident students enrolled in a community college course of 33 study or program which will enable them to finish their high school 34 education and obtain a high school diploma or certificate <u>but who are</u> 35 <u>not eligible students as defined by section 4 of this act</u>. The waiver 36 shall be in effect only for those courses which lead to a high school 37 diploma or certificate; and

(b) Up to forty percent of the students enrolled in the regional
 education program for deaf students, subject to federal funding of such
 program.

4 Sec. 7. RCW 28B.15.067 and 2006 c 161 s 6 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) Tuition fees shall be established under the provisions of this 7 chapter.

8 (2) Beginning with the 2003-04 academic year and ending with the 9 2008-09 academic year, reductions or increases in full-time tuition 10 fees for resident undergraduates shall be as provided in the omnibus 11 appropriations act.

(3) Beginning with the 2003-04 academic year and ending with the 12 2008-09 academic year, the governing boards of the state universities, 13 the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the state 14 15 board for community and technical colleges may reduce or increase full-16 time tuition fees for all students other than resident undergraduates, 17 including summer school students and students in other self-supporting degree programs. Percentage increases in full-time tuition fees may 18 19 exceed the fiscal growth factor. Reductions or increases may be made for all or portions of an institution's programs, campuses, courses, or 20 21 students.

(4) Academic year tuition for full-time students at the state's institutions of higher education beginning with 2009-10, other than summer term, shall be as charged during the 2008-09 academic year unless different rates are adopted by the legislature.

(5) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply
to high school students enrolling in participating institutions of
higher education under RCW 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.400.

(6) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply to eligible students enrolling in a community or technical college under RCW 28C.04.610.

32 (7) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply 33 to eligible students enrolling in a community or technical college 34 participating in the pilot program under section 3 of this act for the 35 purpose of obtaining a high school diploma.

36 (8) For the academic years 2003-04 through 2008-09, the University 37 of Washington shall use an amount equivalent to ten percent of all 1 revenues received as a result of law school tuition increases beginning 2 in academic year 2000-01 through academic year 2008-09 to assist needy 3 low and middle income resident law students.

4 (((8))) (9) For the academic years 2003-04 through 2008-09, 5 institutions of higher education shall use an amount equivalent to ten 6 percent of all revenues received as a result of graduate academic 7 school tuition increases beginning in academic year 2003-04 through 8 academic year 2008-09 to assist needy low and middle-income resident 9 graduate academic students.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) The office of the superintendent of 11 public instruction and the state board for community and technical 12 colleges shall:

(a) By June 30, 2007, select the two community and technical colleges to be involved in the pilot program created in section 3 of this act. The criteria for selecting the two pilot program sites shall include, but are not limited to: (i) The quality of the courses or program offerings; (ii) having the appropriate type of staff and facility to deliver the program; and (iii) the number of eligible students;

20 (b) Identify and analyze possible service delivery models in 21 addition to those described in section 3 of this act, particularly to 22 address the challenges faced by community and technical colleges 23 serving school districts dispersed across large geographic areas and 24 with limited staffing and facilities resources for the programs;

(c) Submit a report with an implementation plan for the two community and technical colleges participating in the pilot program created under section 3 of this act and submit findings and recommendations to the education and fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 2007; and

30 (d) By December 15, 2009, submit a report to the education and 31 fiscal committees of the legislature on the progress of the pilot 32 program created under section 3 of this act that shall include the 33 following:

(i) The number of students taking part in the high school
 completion programs, reported by their high school of last attendance
 and the community or technical college that offered the program;

(ii) The types of high school completion programs offered at the
 two community or technical colleges;

3 (iii) The number of students successfully receiving a high school
4 diploma and other identified outcome measures;

5 (iv) The amount of funds spent in support of this effort compared 6 to actual reimbursement costs that are provided under section 4(3) (a), 7 (b), (c), and (d) of this act; and

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(v) A plan for implementing the program statewide.

9 (2) The state institute for public policy shall develop an estimate of the number of students statewide likely to participate in the 10 program authorized under section 3 of this act if established on a 11 statewide basis. The assumptions shall take into account programs and 12 alternatives offered for fifth-year seniors by school districts and 13 educational service districts. The institute shall report to the 14 education and fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 15 16 2007.

17 *<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320
 18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Any school district board of directors may adopt a policy to award a certificate of academic completion to students who complete all state and local high school graduation requirements except the certificate of academic achievement under RCW 28A.655.061 or the certificate of individual achievement under RCW 28A.155.045. Such a certificate is not the equivalent of a high school diploma.

(2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
 notify school districts of their authority to adopt a policy under this
 section and shall provide technical assistance upon request.

(3) To be eligible for a certificate of academic completion, a
 student must:

30 (a) Pass all state and local high school graduation requirements 31 except for obtaining a certificate of academic achievement or a 32 certificate of individual achievement and have retaken the Washington 33 assessment of student learning at least once or have taken an 34 alternative assessment; and

35 (b) Meet with counselors, teachers, and parents, as appropriate, to 36 develop a fifth year plan for how the student will meet standard on the

1 Washington assessment of student learning and obtain a certificate of

2 academic achievement or certificate of individual achievement.

*Sec. 9 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning, without my approval as to Section 9, House Bill 1051 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to high school completion programs."

Sections 1 through 8 of this bill provide for the development of two pilot programs at community or technical colleges. The programs are intended to support certain students as they work to meet the State's academic standards in reading, writing, mathematics or science. For these students, demonstrating proficiency in one or more of these subjects is the final step in meeting their high school graduation requirements and obtaining a high school diploma. The legislation outlines the student eligibility and program criteria, authorizes the financial support, waives student tuition and fees, and provides for a study of the program's results in two years' time.

Section 9 of the bill creates and recognizes a new state certificate for high school students who do not meet the requirements for a high school diploma, the Certificate of Academic Completion (Certificate). The Certificate may be conferred by school districts to students who meet all state and local requirements for graduation with the exception of passage of one or more of the high school assessments in reading, writing and mathematics. Our students are working very hard to achieve the skills necessary for success in their endeavors beyond high school. By creating the Certificate of Academic Completion we will be sending a message to these students that they do not need the basic skills required for the high school diploma. This is wrong.

For these reasons, I am vetoing Section 9 of House Bill 1051.

With the exception of Section 9, House Bill 1051 is approved."